

THE WEATHER

Tonight, Fair and Colder;
Wednesday Fair.

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

METAL QUOTATIONS

Silver	85 1/8c
Copper	23 1/2c
Lead	6 1/2c
Quicksilver	\$1.08

VOL. XVII No. 210

TONOPAH, NEVADA, TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 5, 1918

PRICE 10 CENTS

JAPAN AND CHINA READY TO MOVE UPON RUSSIA

HEAVY PRICE THAT RUSSIA MUST PAY

PROVINCES WILL BE CEDED TURKEY
IN PAYMENT OF ITS INDEMNITY
Russian Armies Must Demobilize
and Battleships Must be
Taken to Harbors

AMSTERDAM, March 5.—A Berlin dispatch says that the Russians and Teutons in the Brest-Litovsk peace treaty provided that the Teutons, in agreement with the populations of certain regions, determine the fate of the country over which Russia forfeits control. It provides for Russian evacuation of the Anatolian provinces, the surrender of Erivan, Kars and Batum to Turkey, complete Russian demobilization and transfer of warships to Russian harbors to remain until general peace comes.

DEBATE SUSPENDED FOR CONFERENCE

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Opposition to the administration bill for a war finance corporation resulted yesterday in suspension of debate in the senate until today to permit conferences between Governor Harding and Vice Governor Warburg, of the federal reserve board, with banking committee members and other senators who have led the fight on certain sections of the bill. Today Secretary McAdoo, at the request of Senator Owen, chairman of the banking committee, will meet with the opposing faction. There were indications that attempts to make amendments in the bill as it now stands would be abandoned.

Provisions authorizing the corporation's directors to issue \$4,000,000,000 in bonds to aid the financing of war industry, as well as those of licensing of security issues by a capital issues committee, were the principal objections in the senate banking committee's conference. Opponents of the measure advanced the argument that many of the functions proposed for the corporation could be performed better by the federal reserve board, and securities licensing continued by the existing voluntary committee.

ORGANIZATION OF
NEW SERVICE BRANCH

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Permanent organization of the United States employment service as one of the eight new services in the labor department is announced by Secretary Wilson. The number of assistant directors is reduced from two to one and a new division for training the personnel of the service has been added. The division of investigation is abolished and a policies board established, consisting of Director J. B. Denmore, Assistant Director Charles T. Clayton and Assistant Secretary of Labor Post.

NORWAY SHIPPING SUNK.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Norway lost twelve vessels with a tonnage of 4238 in February through operations of German submarines. Nineteen seamen lost their lives. Twenty are missing, according to a cablegram to the Norwegian legation.

REFERENDUM RECOMMENDED.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 5.—A referendum on the question of statewide prohibition, in preference to ratification of the federal prohibitory amendment, was recommended to the senate last night in the report of the committee on taxation and retrenchment.

Serbia and Montenegro May be Next

AMSTERDAM, March 5.—The German press greets the advent of peace with Russia as a master stroke. The German emperor's telegram to Chancellor Von Hertling is placarded throughout Berlin. Flags are flying everywhere and the schools are having a holiday.

FOREIGN EMBASSIES REACH BORDER

STOCKHOLM, March 4.—(Monday) —The British, French and Italian embassies from Petrograd have arrived at Helsingfors, according to information reaching the American legation here. Sweden will be asked to use its good offices to secure a train to carry the diplomats to Tornen, on the Swedish border.

VOTES OF WOMEN BEING CHALLENGED

NEW YORK, March 5.—Women born in the United States, but married to aliens, and who registered for the four special congressional elections in this city, are to be challenged at the polls today, according to a statement issued by Frederick L. Marshall, state superintendent of elections.

HUN HAS THE NERVE TO DEMAND VERDUN

COPENHAGEN, March 5.—According to the Berlin Tageblatt and the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger, copies of which have been received here, the statement made by the French foreign minister, M. Pichon, last Friday, that the German chancellor sent word to Paris in July, 1917, that Germany would require as a guarantee of the neutrality of France, the handing over for the period of the war with Russia the French fortresses of Toul and Verdun was accurate.

STRICT REGULATIONS FOR ALIEN ENEMIES

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Reports that unnaturalized Germans in the United States, having registered under the enemy alien regulations, believed themselves free to move about at will, prompted the department of justice today to issue a statement reminding them that they still are subject to internment if they transfer their residence from the registration district without obtaining permission from the authorities.

ALUMINUM PRICE FIXED.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The president has fixed 32 cents a pound as the maximum base price of aluminum at various American plants.

Establishes a Precedent

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Official Washington is talking today about little except a speech President Wilson made last night from his theatre box to a large audience. He enjoyed the play, depicting the conversion of a disloyal German into a loyal citizen.

PREMIER DECORATES AMERICAN OFFICERS

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, March 5.—Premier Clemenceau, who spent Sunday on the American front northwest of Toul, decorated two lieutenants, two sergeants and two privates with the Croix de Guerre with the palm for heroism which they displayed in the recent German raid in this sector.

One of the lieutenants comes from Brooklyn and the other from Charleston, S. C. Both men went out into No Man's Land in broad daylight and got a German prisoner.

INVADERS ADVANCE TOWARD PETROGRAD

LONDON, March 5.—Narva, 100 miles southwest of Petrograd, has been captured by the Germans, according to a Petrograd dispatch dated Monday. The enemy is reported continuing his advance toward Petrograd.

MYSTERIOUS MAN ARRESTED.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—A man named Ferracio, carrying a large sum of money, and who was believed to have been en route to Germany from Peru, has been arrested by the authorities at the Panama canal zone, the state department is advised. Beyond the meager facts contained in the message to the department, it was learned today, nothing is known of the case here.

THESE HAVE FALLEN IN BATTLE

WASHINGTON, March 5.—General Pershing reported to the war department the names of one lieutenant and nine privates killed in action March 1, the day of the German attack on an American trench sector near Toul. The names of one lieutenant and four men killed in action the same day had been reported previously, bringing the total to 15. The latest list included: First Lieut. Stewart W. Hoover, infantry, Blackfoot, Idaho; Privates Russell A. Murr, Napa, Cal.; Chris Busch, Napa, Cal.; William Farr, Milan, Pa.; Fred Gard, friend Hans T. Larson, Crosby, N. D.; Edward H. McNulty, 3917 North Ninth street, St. Louis; Matthew D. Souza, Sato, Azores, Islands; Claude W. Keller, Glenburn, N. D.; Lloyd S. Miller, Commerce, Mo.; Frank Midak, friend John J. Davis, Minot, N. D.; Corporal Homer J. Wheaton, Syracuse, N. Y., and Private Lawrence A. Lacasse, Woburn, Mass., were killed February 27. Private Alfred Annunziata, Brooklyn, has died from wounds received on March 1. Captain John D. VonToltzendorff, field artillery, Brunswick, Ga., and First Lieutenant Ralph H. Blake, Sapulpa, Okla., and the following privates were severely wounded on that day: William Richtre, Chicago; John L. Bray, Drum, Ky.; William F. Woodhouse, Conway, Ark.; Jacob T. Lemmons, Newark, N. J.; Warren M. Brown, Morristown, Ga.; Kennard H. Hill, Bates, Ark.; D. G. Hatzidakis, 116 Euzeina street, San Francisco, Cal.; Willie L. Romine, Silva, N. D.; Theodore Wong, Sanish, N. D.; Maryann Gawlik, Chicago; Henry E. Orange, Gordonsville, Tenn.

UNITED STATES CONCURS IN THE PLANS OF TWO CO-BELLIGERENTS

Abject Surrender of Russia May Open Another Arena of the World War

TOKIO, Saturday, March 2.—(via Shanghai to London)—The Russian situation is completely absorbing the press and public. There have been frequent meetings of the Japanese cabinet, doubtless at which the entire question was considered with full realization of the serious nature of the responsibilities involved.

LONDON, March 5.—A Reuter dispatch from Tokio says it is understood that the Japanese government is extremely well informed as to developments in Siberia, but at present is adopting the policy of watchful waiting. It is carefully avoiding arousing the antagonism of loyal Russians, who, notwithstanding the dire need of assistance, are extremely sensitive as to outside interference. It says that Japan has probably agreed with China on a prompt plan of co-operation.

HOLD-OUT PLAYERS SIGNING CONTRACTS

NEW YORK, March 5.—After a conference with President Ruppert and Manager Huggins of the New York American league baseball club, Roger Peckinpaugh, shortstop and captain of the team, signed a contract for the coming season. Peckinpaugh came here from Cleveland to discuss a salary grievance, and, it was announced, obtain a compromise. Manager McGraw of the New York Nationals sent word from St. Louis to the club officials that he had obtained the signatures of Pitcher William Perritt and Shortstop Arthur Fletcher, both of whom had been holding out.

ZEITUNG COMMENTS ON SPEECH OF BALFOUR

AMSTERDAM, March 5.—The Frankfurter Zeitung, commenting on the recent speech of A. J. Balfour, the British foreign secretary, says: "The decision as to whether the war, with all its horrors, shall continue or preliminary discussions regarding the possibility of peace shall begin, depends today more on President Wilson than on the governments of the European entente."

The newspaper finds some parts of Mr. Balfour's speech deserving of consideration and regards its moderate tone as a welcome sign. It contends that the demand for the evacuation of Belgium and reparation in the case of that country should only be acceded to if the entente is able to force Germany out of Belgium.

"Mr. Balfour ought to know," it adds, "that the maximum concessions of both sides can only be reached by negotiations."

GOVERNMENT WILL TAKE GERMAN DOCKS

WASHINGTON, March 5.—President Wilson has arranged with Senator Martin for an amendment to the urgent deficiency appropriation bill, giving him authority to take over the Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd docks and wharves at Hoboken.

Big Fire at Winnemucca

RENO, Nev., March 5.—Fire today destroyed the Eldorado hotel at Winnemucca, with a loss of \$200,000. The insurance was \$70,000. Falling walls injured three persons and cut off telegraph communication.

POWERFUL WIRELESS STATION REPORTED

NEW YORK, March 5.—It has become known that agents of United States Marshal McCarthy's office and of the army intelligence bureau have made an examination of what was reported to be a powerful wireless station in the tower of an office building at No. 111 Broadway, but nothing was forthcoming as to what disclosures, if any, resulted from the search.

It was supposed the authorities had discovered a plant operated by Germans, but, according to agents for the building, the rooms searched are being used for experimental purposes by an accredited representative of the United States navy. They said the authorities who investigated were convinced of the legitimacy of this work. Aside from saying that no arrests had been made, Marshal McCarthy refused to comment upon the case, nor would the army men discuss it.

First reports were that the plant, of a new type, was powerful enough to transmit or receive messages from Germany and that through an ingenious arrangement, no "aerials" were essential to its operation. It was said that two iron structures on the top of the building served in their stead. The truth of these reports was scouted by agents of the building.

NORWEGIAN SHIPPING SUFFERS SEVERELY

LONDON, March 5.—From the outbreak of the war up to the end of February the losses of Norwegian vessels as a result of the war aggregated 726, of 1,960,821 tons. Seamen to the number of 902 perished in the disaster.

In addition to sixty-three vessels with crews totalling more than 700 are missing, and of these two-thirds are believed to be war losses. These figures were made public today by the Norwegian legation in London.

BUTLER THEATRE

TO-NIGHT
VAUDEVILLE
MR. THOMAS WILBUR
Will endeavor to give a correct imitation of Paul Dresser singing "The Curse."
Beautiful Star
Gorgeous Scenes
Thrilling Story
VIRGINIA PEARSON
In
"STOLEN HONOR"
Also
"ALL ABOARD THE MAGIC CARPET"
TOMORROW
"The Birth of a Nation."
Matinee 1:30
Evening 7 and 8:30